



# The Value of Elections to the Zambian voter

Findings from Afrobarometer Round 6 Survey In Zambia



23 September 2015 Lusaka, Zambia

#### At a glance



- Almost six of 10 Zambians (59%) say elections function well in enabling voters to remove leaders who do not do what the people want. This proportion has nearly doubled from 30% in 2005.
- More than half (51%) say elections ensure that MPs reflect the views of voters, an increase from 29% in 2005.
- A majority (59%) perceive the 2011 elections as "completely free and fair," and an additional 20% say they "free and fair, but with minor problems."
- A plurality of Zambians say that voters are never threatened with violence and a quarter said they are never bribed and a third said that votes are always counted fairly.





#### What is Afrobarometer?



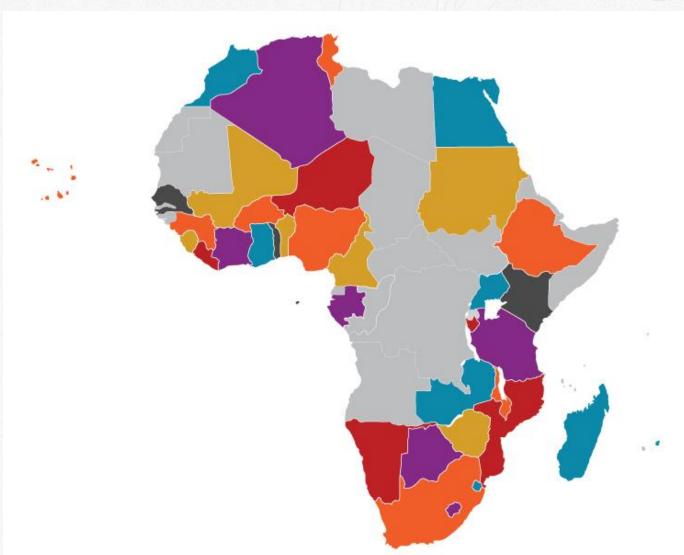
- An African-led, non-partisan survey research project that measures citizen attitudes on democracy and governance, the economy, civil society, and other topics.
- Started in 12 countries in 1999, expanded to 35 African countries in Round 5 (2011-2013).
- Goal: To give the public a voice in policymaking by providing high-quality public opinion data to policymakers, policy advocates, civil society organizations, academics, news media, donors and investors, and ordinary Africans.
- National Partners in each country conduct the survey. In Zambia, Afrobarometer Round 6 survey was conducted by RuralNet Associates Ltd.





#### Where Afrobarometer works AFRO





#### Methodology

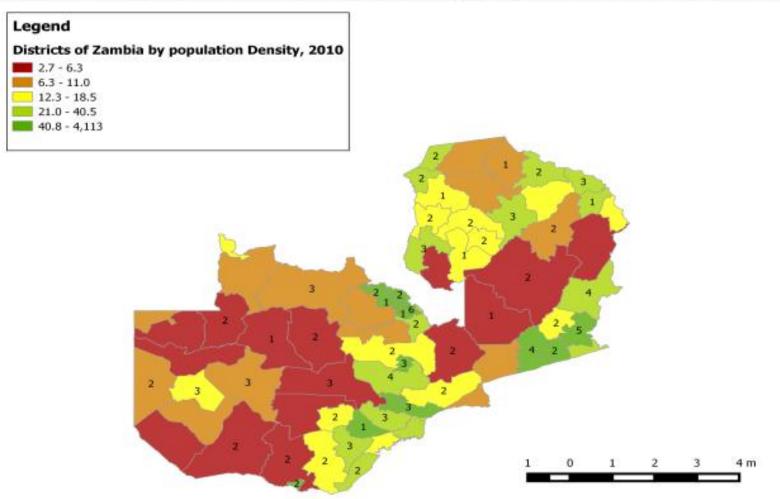


- Nationally representative sample of adult citizens
  - ☐ All respondents are randomly selected.
  - □ Sample is distributed across provinces and urban/rural areas in proportion to their share in the national population.
  - Every adult citizen has an equal chance of being selected.
- Face-to-face interviews In the language of the respondent's choice.
- Standard questionnaire allows comparisons across countries and over time.
- Sample size in Zambia of 1,200 adult citizens yields a margin of error of +/-3% at a 95% confidence level.
- Fieldwork for Round 6 in Zambia was conducted between 1 and 31 October 2014.



#### **Enumerator map**





**Note:** the numbers in the map refer to the number of enumeration areas (EAs) selected in each district.

#### Survey demographics



|        |        | Unweighted | Weighted |
|--------|--------|------------|----------|
| Gender | Male   | 50%        | 50%      |
|        | Female | 50%        | 50%      |
|        | Total  | 100%       | 100%     |

|                |       | Unweighted | Weighted |
|----------------|-------|------------|----------|
| Urban or rural | Urban | 43%        | 40%      |
|                | Rural | 57%        | 60%      |
|                | Total | 100%       | 100%     |





#### Survey demographics



|          |               | Unweighted | Weighted |
|----------|---------------|------------|----------|
| Province | Lusaka        | 19%        | 17%      |
|          | Central       | 10%        | 10%      |
|          | Copperbelt    | 16%        | 15%      |
|          | Eastern       | 11%        | 12%      |
|          | Southern      | 11%        | 12%      |
|          | Northern      | 8%         | 8%       |
|          | Luapula       | 7%         | 8%       |
|          | Western       | 7%         | 7%       |
|          | North-Western | 5%         | 6%       |
|          | Muchinga      | 5%         | 5%       |
|          | Total         | 100%       | 100%     |





#### Survey demographics



|           |                     | Unweighted | Weighted |
|-----------|---------------------|------------|----------|
| Education | Secondary           | 43%        | 44%      |
|           | Primary             | 35%        | 34%      |
|           | Post-secondary      | 13%        | 13%      |
|           | No formal education | 8%         | 8%       |
|           | Total               | 100%       | 100%     |









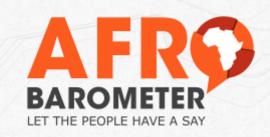


#### Results









# VOTING IN AN ELECTION AS A DEMOCRATIC VALUE



#### Key findings

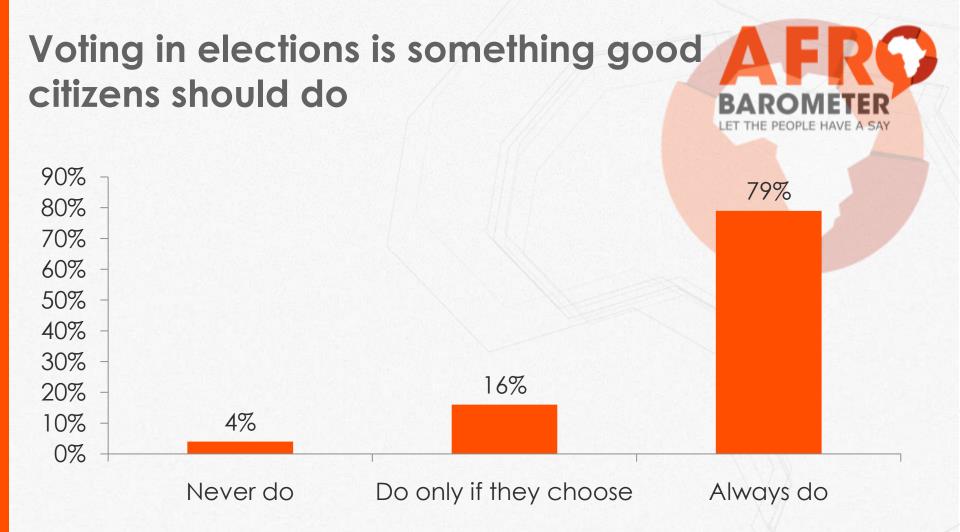


 An overwhelming majority (79%) of Zambians think that voting in an election is something a good citizen in a democracy should always do.

Voter turnout has declined from a high of 71% in 2006 to 54% in 2011





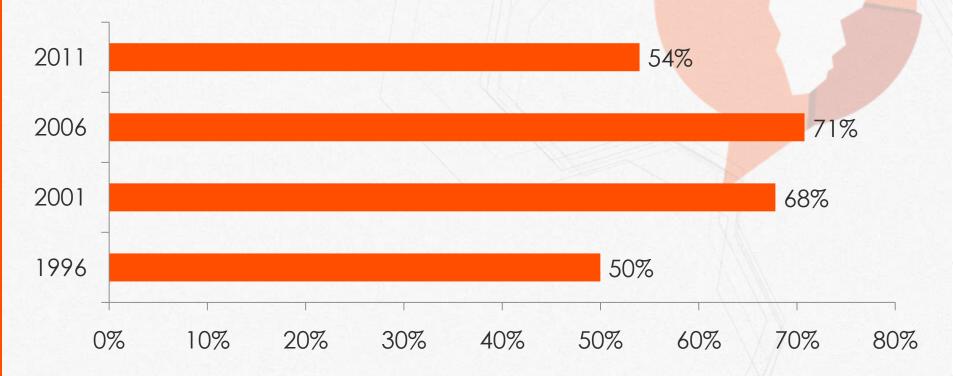


Respondents were asked: For each of the following actions, please tell me whether you think it is something a good citizen in a democracy should always do, never do, or do only if they choose: Vote in elections.



#### Voter turnout in tripartite elections | Electoral Commission of Zambia

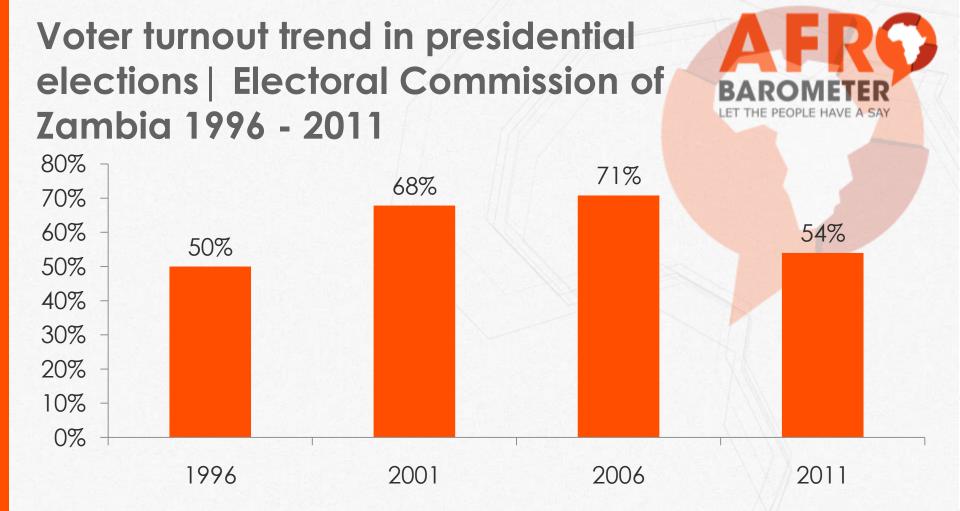




Data source: Electoral Commission of Zambia (www.elections.org.zm)







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#### **ELECTIONS AS TOOLS FOR ACCOUNTABILITY**



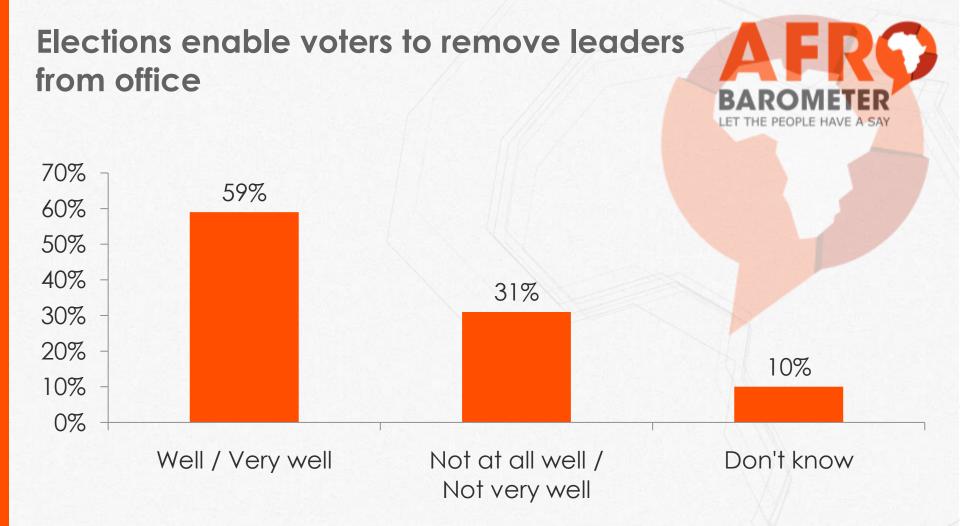
#### Key findings



- A majority (59%) of Zambians say elections function "well" or "very well" to enable voters to remove from office leaders who do not do what the people want; 31% say they do not.
- A slim majority (51%) of Zambians also believe that elections function "well" or "very well" to ensure that MPs reflect the views of voters, while 38% say they do not.







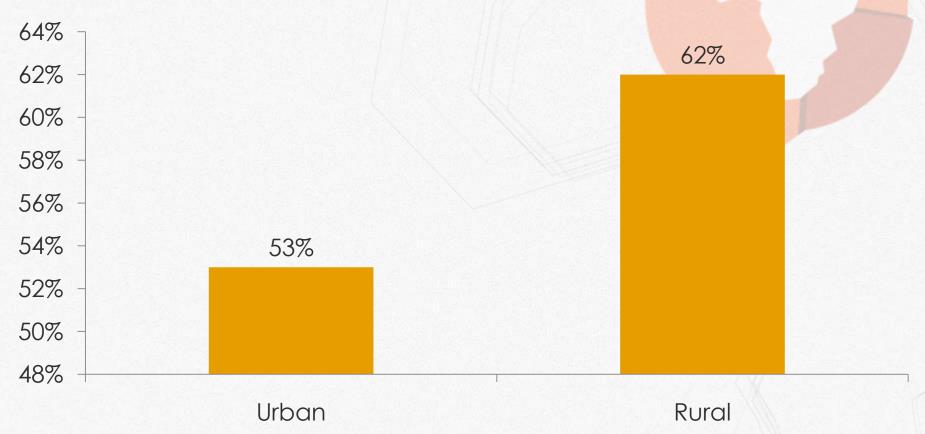
**Respondents were asked**: Think about how elections work in practice in this country. How well do elections: Enable voters to remove from office leaders who do not do what the people want? **Ru** 





# Elections enable voters to remove leaders from office



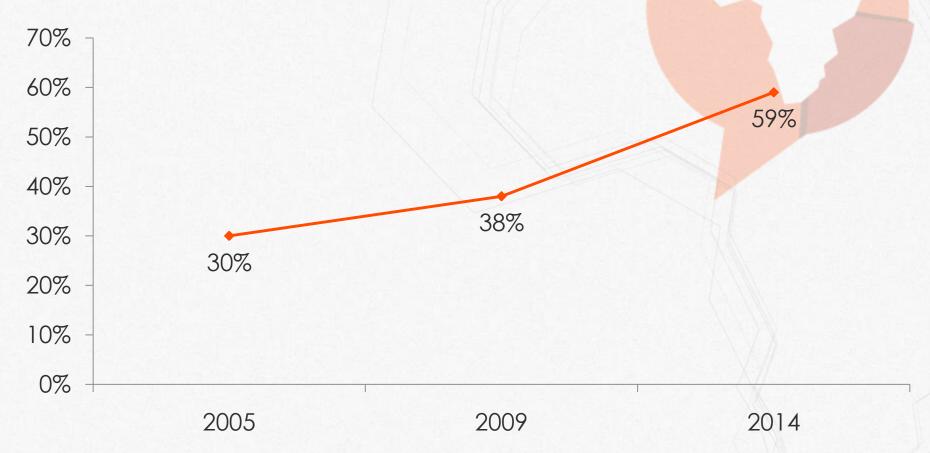






# Elections enable voters to remove leaders from office









# Elections ensure that voters' views are reflected 60% 50% 40% 30% 20%

**Respondents were asked:** Think about how elections work in practice in this country. How well do elections: Ensure that the members of Parliament reflect the views of voters?

Not at all well /

Not very well



Well / Very well

10%

0%

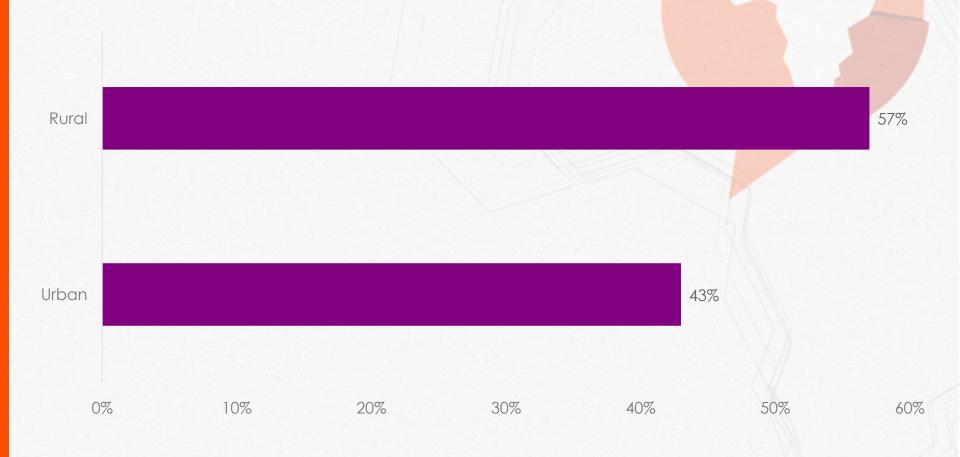


10%

Don't know

## Elections ensure that voters' views are reflected



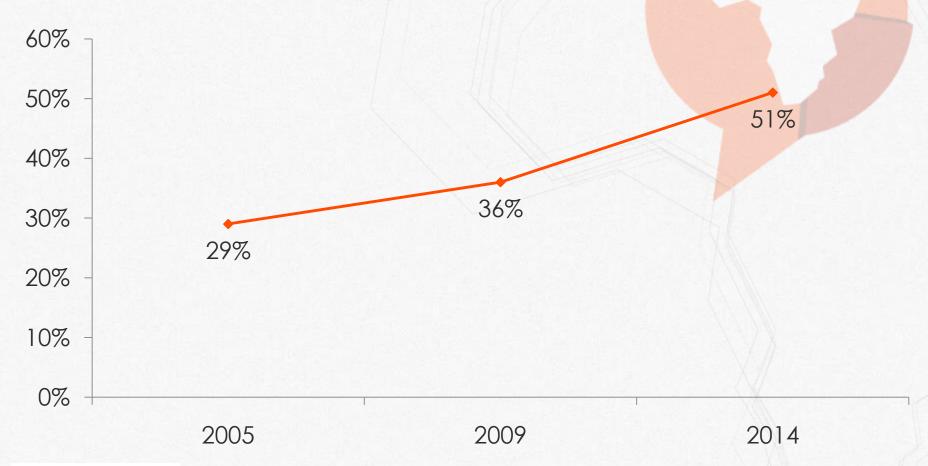






# Elections ensure that voters' views are reflected















#### **CREDIBILITY OF ELECTIONS**



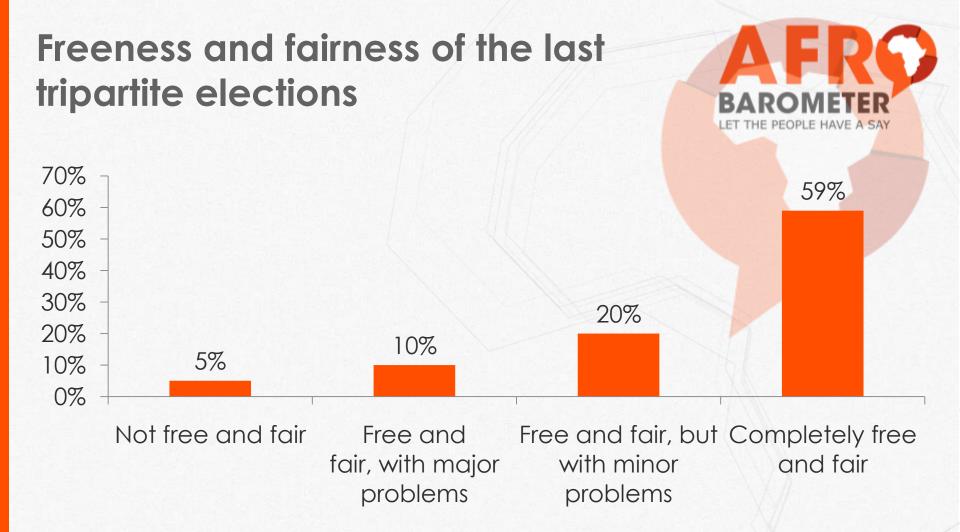
#### **Key findings**



- The 2011 tripartite elections are perceived as having been "completely free and fair" by more than half of respondents (58%).
- Despite this positive assessment of the 2011 elections, respondents don't think this is always the case.
- Thus, only one-third (33%) believe that votes are "always" counted fairly, while 39% say they are only "sometimes" counted fairly and 9% say they are "never" counted fairly.



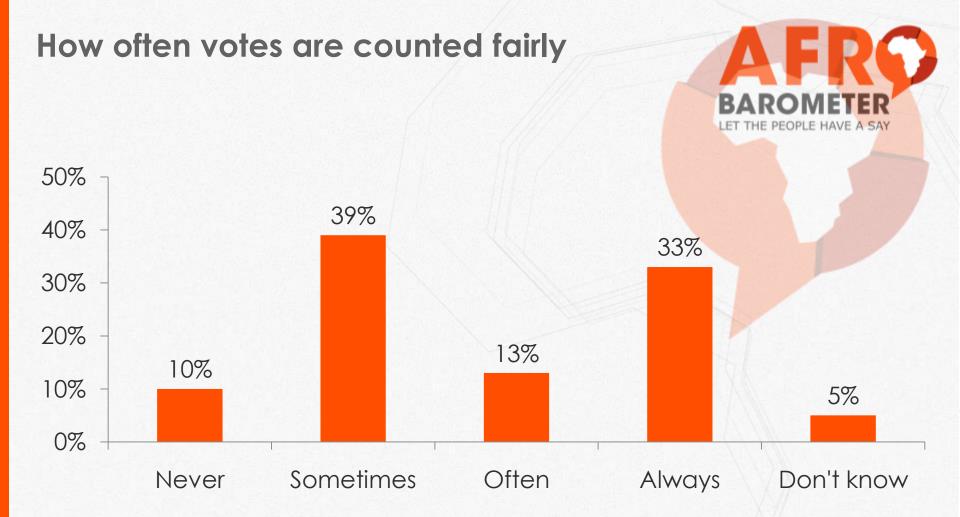




**Respondents were asked:** On the whole, how would you rate the freeness and fairness of the last national election, held in September 2011?



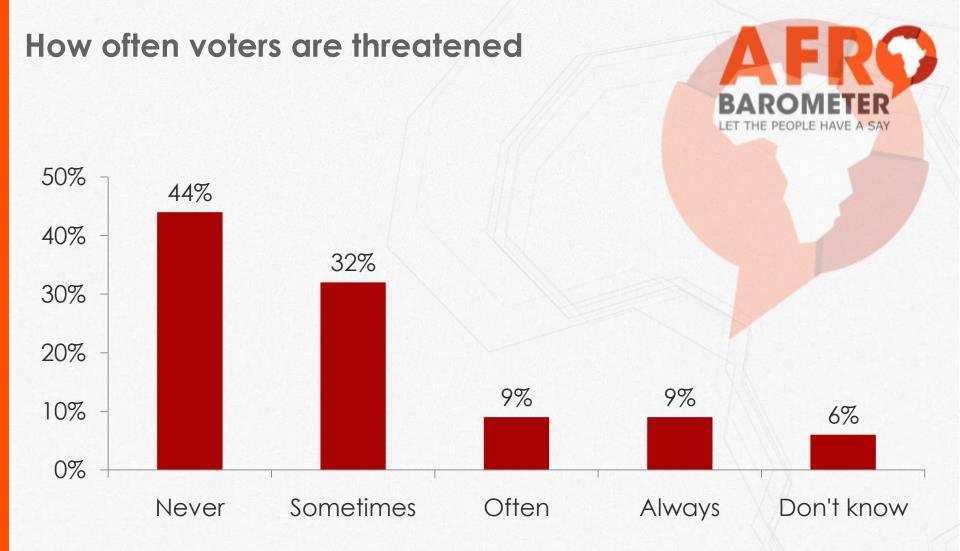




**Respondents were asked:** In your opinion, how often do the following things occur in this country's elections: Votes are counted fairly?



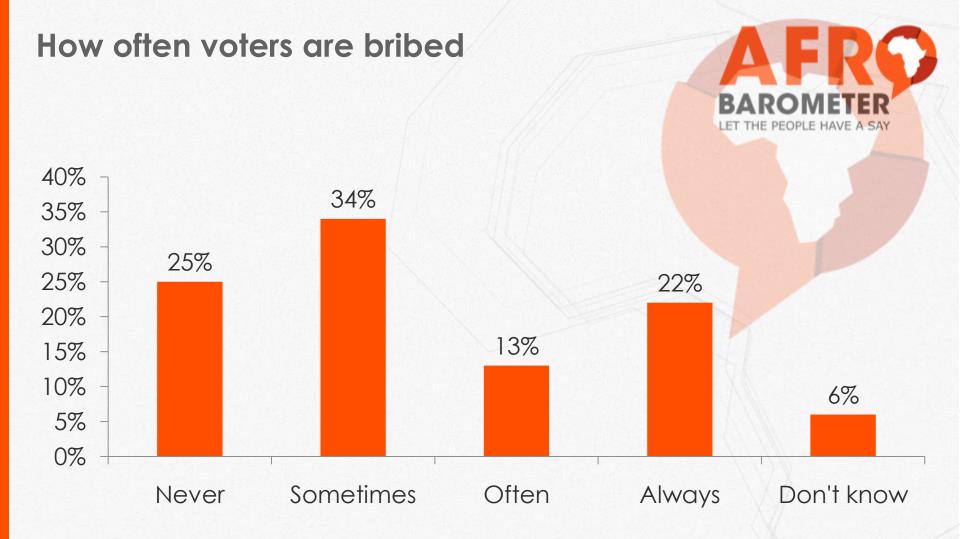




**Respondents were asked**: In your opinion, how often do the following things occur in this country's elections: Voters are threatened with violence at the polls







**Respondents were asked**: In your opinion, how often do the following things occur in this country's elections: Voters are bribed? .











# Thank you very much for your attention







