



Survey Overview

The Quality of Democracy and Governance in Benin

Afrobarometer Round 3, 2005

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Dates of Fieldwork: | April 22-May 10, 2005 |
| Sample size: | 1198 |
| Sampling frame: | 2002 Census |
| Sample universe: | Citizens age 18 years or older, excluding institutions |
| Sample design: | Nationally representative, random, clustered, stratified, multistage area probability sample |
| Stratification: | Department, urban-rural distribution |
| Stages: | PSUs (from strata), start points, households, respondents |
| PSU selection: | Probability proportionate to population size (PPPS) |
| Cluster size: | 8 households per PSU |
| Household selection: | Walk pattern using day code, selecting n th house on the right. |
| Respondent selection: | Gender quota filled by alternating interviews between men and women; respondents of appropriate gender listed, after which household member draws a numbered card to select individual. |
| Weighting: | None |
| Margin of error: | +/- 3% with 95% confidence level |
| Fieldwork by: | Institute for Empirical Research in Political Economy (IREEP) |
| Main researchers: | Leonard Wantchekon and Gregoire Kpekpede |
| Outcome rates: | Contact rate: 0.89 |
| | Cooperation rate: 0.90 |
| | Refusal rate: 0.02 |
| | Response rate: 0.80 |



Survey Overview

The Quality of Democracy and Governance in Botswana Afrobarometer Round 3, 2005

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Dates of Fieldwork: | May 28-June 12, 2005 |
| Sample size: | 1200 |
| Sampling frame: | 2001 Census |
| Sample universe: | Citizens age 18 years or older, excluding institutions |
| Sample design: | Nationally representative, random, clustered, stratified, multistage area probability sample |
| Stratification: | District/town, urban-rural distribution |
| Stages: | PSUs (from strata), start points, households, respondents |
| PSU selection: | Probability proportionate to population size (PPPS) |
| Cluster size: | 8 households per PSU |
| Household selection: | Walk pattern using day code, selecting n th house on the right. |
| Respondent selection: | Gender quota filled by alternating interviews between men and women; respondents of appropriate gender listed, after which household member draws a numbered card to select individual. |
| Weighting: | None |
| Margin of error: | +/- 3% with 95% confidence level |
| Fieldwork by: | Centre of Specialisation in Public Administration and Management (CESPAM) and Department of Political and Administrative Studies, University of Botswana - on the website, but not on the notes |
| Main researchers: | Mpho G. Molomo, Mogopodi Lekorwe, Wilford Molefe and Annie Chikwanha (IDASA) |
| Outcome rates: | Contact rate: 0.91 Cooperation rate: 0.87 Refusal rate: 0.03 Response rate: 0.79 |



Survey Overview

The Quality of Democracy and Governance in Cape Verde

Afrobarometer Round 3, 2005

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Dates of Fieldwork: | March 28-April 9, 2005 |
| Sample size: | 1256 |
| Sample universe: | Citizens age 18 years or older, excluding institutions |
| Sample design: | Nationally representative, random, clustered, stratified, multistage area probability sample |
| Stratification: | Municipality, urban-rural distribution |
| Stages: | PSUs (from strata), start points, households, respondents |
| PSU selection: | Probability proportionate to population size (PPPS) |
| Cluster size: | 8 households per PSU |
| Household selection: | Walk pattern using day code, selecting n th house on the right. |
| Respondent selection: | Gender quota filled by alternating interviews between men and women; respondents of appropriate gender listed, after which household member draws a numbered card to select individual. |
| Weighting: | Weighted to take account of over- or under-samples with respect to island and urban-rural distribution. |
| Margin of error: | +/- 3% with 95% confidence level |
| Fieldwork by: | Afro-Sondagem, Praia |
| Main researchers: | Deolinda Reis, Francisco Rodrigues and Jose Semedo |
| Outcome rates: | Contact rate: 0.92 |
| | Cooperation rate: 0.78 |
| | Refusal rate: 0.11 |
| | Response rate: 0.72 |



Survey Overview

The Quality of Democracy and Governance in Ghana Afrobarometer Round 3, 2005

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Dates of Fieldwork: | March 10-21, 2005 |
| Sample size: | 1197 |
| Sampling frame: | Ghana 2000 Population and Housing Census |
| Sample universe: | Citizens age 18 years or older, excluding institutions |
| Sample design: | Nationally representative, random, clustered, stratified, multistage area probability sample |
| Stratification: | Region, urban-rural distribution |
| Stages: | PSUs (from strata), start points, households, respondents |
| PSU selection: | Probability proportionate to population size (PPPS) |
| Cluster size: | 8 households per PSU |
| Household selection: | Walk pattern using day code, selecting n th house on the right. |
| Respondent selection: | Gender quota filled by alternating interviews between men and women; respondents of appropriate gender listed, after which household member draws a numbered card to select individual. |
| Weighting: | None |
| Margin of error: | +/- 3% with 95% confidence level |
| Fieldwork by: | Center for Democratic Development, Accra |
| Main researchers: | E. Gyimah-Boadi |
| Outcome rates: | Contact rate: 0.98 |
| | Cooperation rate: 1.00 |
| | Refusal rate: 0.00 |
| | Response rate: 0.98 |



Survey Overview

The Quality of Democracy and Governance in Kenya Afrobarometer Round 3, 2005

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Dates of Fieldwork: | September 6-28, 2005 |
| Sample size: | 1278 |
| Sampling frame: | 1999 Census |
| Sample universe: | Citizens age 18 years or older, excluding institutions |
| Sample design: | Nationally representative, random, clustered, stratified, multistage area probability sample |
| Stratification: | Province, urban-rural distribution |
| Stages: | PSUs (from strata), start points, households, respondents |
| PSU selection: | Probability proportionate to population size (PPPS) |
| Cluster size: | 8 households per PSU |
| Household selection: | Walk pattern using day code, selecting n th house on the right. |
| Respondent selection: | Gender quota filled by alternating interviews between men and women; respondents of appropriate gender listed, after which household member draws a numbered card to select individual. |
| Weighting: | Weighted to account for over- or under-samples with respect to province and urban-rural distribution. |
| Margin of error: | +/- 3% with 95% confidence level |
| Fieldwork by: | Institute for Development Studies, Nairobi |
| Main researchers: | Walter Odhiambo, Robert Sentamu (Wilsken Agencies Ltd., Kampala) and Carolyn Logan |
| Outcome rates: | Contact rate: 0.80 Cooperation rate: 0.75 Refusal rate: 0.07 Response rate: 0.60 |



Survey Overview

The Quality of Democracy and Governance in Lesotho Afrobarometer Round 3, 2005

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Dates of Fieldwork: | July 6-August 13, 2005 |
| Sample size: | 1161 |
| Sampling frame: | Adjusted 1996 Census |
| Sample universe: | Citizens age 18 years or older, excluding institutions |
| Sample design: | Nationally representative, random, clustered, stratified, multistage area probability sample |
| Stratification: | District, urban-rural distribution |
| Stages: | PSUs (from strata), start points, households, respondents |
| PSU selection: | Probability proportionate to population size (PPPS) |
| Cluster size: | 8 households per PSU |
| Household selection: | Walk pattern using day code, selecting n th house on the right. |
| Respondent selection: | Gender quota filled by alternating interviews between men and women; respondents of appropriate gender listed, after which household member draws a numbered card to select individual. |
| Weighting: | Weighted to account for over- or under-samples with respect to district and urban-rural distribution. |
| Margin of error: | +/- 3% with 95% confidence level |
| Fieldwork by: | Sechaba Consultants, Maseru |
| Main researchers: | Thuso Green, Annie Chikwanha (IDASA) and John Gay |
| Outcome rates: | Contact rate: 0.78 |
| | Cooperation rate: 0.85 |
| | Refusal rate: 0.02 |
| | Response rate: 0.66 |



Survey Overview

The Quality of Democracy and Governance in Madagascar Afrobarometer Round 3, 2005

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Dates of Fieldwork: | May 19-June 28, 2005 |
| Sample size: | 1350 |
| Sampling frame: | 2004-2005 Household Survey |
| Sample universe: | Citizens age 18 years or older, excluding institutions |
| Sample design: | Nationally representative, random, clustered, stratified, multistage area probability sample |
| Stratification: | Province, urban-rural distribution |
| Stages: | PSUs (from strata), start points, households, respondents |
| PSU selection: | Probability proportionate to population size (PPPS) |
| Cluster size: | 8-10 households per PSU |
| Household selection: | Walk pattern using day code, selecting n th house on the right. |
| Respondent selection: | Gender quota filled by alternating interviews between men and women; respondents of appropriate gender listed, after which household member draws a numbered card to select individual. |
| Weighting: | Weighted to account for individual selection probabilities. |
| Margin of error: | +/- 3% with 95% confidence level |
| Fieldwork by: | National Institute of Statistics (INSTAT) and COEF Ressources |
| Main researchers: | Mireille Razafindrakoto (DIAL), Tiaray Razafimanantena and Desire Razafindrazaka (COEF Resources) |
| Outcome rates: | Contact rate: 0.77 Cooperation rate: 0.84 Refusal rate: 0.03 Response rate: 0.65 |



Survey Overview

The Quality of Democracy and Governance in Malawi Afrobarometer Round 3, 2005

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Dates of Fieldwork: | June 16-July 4, 2005 |
| Sample size: | 1200 |
| Sampling frame: | 1998 Census |
| Sample universe: | Citizens age 18 years or older, excluding institutions |
| Sample design: | Nationally representative, random, clustered, stratified, multistage area probability sample |
| Stratification: | District, urban-rural distribution |
| Stages: | Rural areas were sampled in 5 stages: Traditional Authorities (TAs), EAs/PSUs, start points, households, respondents; urban areas were sampled in 4 stages: ward (EA), start point, household, and respondent |
| PSU selection: | Probability proportionate to population size (PPPS) |
| Cluster size: | 8 households per PSU |
| Household selection: | Walk pattern using day code, selecting n th house on the right. |
| Respondent selection: | Gender quota filled by alternating interviews between men and women; respondents of appropriate gender listed, after which household member draws a numbered card to select individual. |
| Weighting: | None |
| Margin of error: | +/- 3% with 95% confidence level |
| Fieldwork by: | Institute for Economic and Social Research (IFESOR) |
| Main researchers: | Stanley Khaila, Catherine Mthinda and Annie Chikwanha (IDASA) |
| Outcome rates: | Contact rate: 0.91 Cooperation rate: 0.86 Refusal rate: 0.04 Response rate: 0.78 |



Survey Overview

The Quality of Democracy and Governance in Mali

Afrobarometer Round 3, 2005

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Dates of Fieldwork: | June 20-July 7, 2005 |
| Sample size: | 1244 |
| Sampling frame: | 1998 Census |
| Sample universe: | Citizens age 18 years or older, excluding institutions |
| Sample design: | Nationally representative, random, clustered, stratified, multistage area probability sample |
| Stratification: | Region, urban-rural distribution |
| Stages: | PSUs (from strata), start points, households, respondents |
| PSU selection: | Probability proportionate to population size (PPPS) |
| Cluster size: | 8 households per PSU |
| Household selection: | Walk pattern using day code, selecting n th house on the right. |
| Respondent selection: | Gender quota filled by alternating interviews between men and women; respondents of appropriate gender listed, after which household member draws a numbered card to select individual. |
| Weighting: | Weighted to account for over- or under-samples with respect to region and urban-rural distribution. |
| Margin of error: | +/- 3% with 95% confidence level |
| Fieldwork by: | Groupe de Recherche en Economie Appliquee et Theorique (GREAT) |
| Main researchers: | Massa Coulibaly |
| Outcome rates: | Contact rate: 0.97 |
| | Cooperation rate: 0.92 |
| | Refusal rate: 0.04 |
| | Response rate: 0.89 |



Survey Overview
The Quality of Democracy and Governance in Mozambique
Afrobarometer Round 3, 2005

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Dates of Fieldwork: | June 13-June 26, 2005 |
| Sample size: | 1198 |
| Sampling frame: | 1997 Census |
| Sample universe: | Citizens age 18 years or older, excluding institutions |
| Sample design: | Nationally representative, random, clustered, stratified, multistage area probability sample |
| Stratification: | Province, urban-rural distribution |
| Stages: | PSUs (from strata), start points, households, respondents |
| PSU selection: | Probability proportionate to population size (PPPS) |
| Cluster size: | 8 households per PSU |
| Household selection: | Walk pattern using day code, selecting n th house on the right. |
| Respondent selection: | Gender quota filled by alternating interviews between men and women; respondents of appropriate gender listed, after which household member draws a numbered card to select individual. |
| Weighting: | None |
| Margin of error: | +/- 3% with 95% confidence level |
| Fieldwork by: | Centre for Population Studies (CPS), Eduardo Mondlane University |
| Main researchers: | Joao C. G. Pereira, Annie Chikwanha and Robert Mattes (IDASA) |
| Outcome rates: | Contact rate: 0.96 |
| | Cooperation rate: 0.95 |
| | Refusal rate: 0.03 |
| | Response rate: 0.91 |



Survey Overview
The Quality of Democracy and Governance in Namibia
Afrobarometer Round 3, 2006

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Dates of Fieldwork: | February 13-March 7, 2006 |
| Sample size: | 1200 |
| Sampling frame: | 2001 Population and Household Census |
| Sample universe: | Citizens age 18 years or older, excluding institutions |
| Sample design: | Nationally representative, random, clustered, stratified, multistage area probability sample |
| Stratification: | Region, urban-rural distribution |
| Stages: | PSUs (from strata), start points, households, respondents |
| PSU selection: | Probability proportionate to population size (PPPS) |
| Cluster size: | 8 households per PSU |
| Household selection: | Walk pattern using day code, selecting n th house on the right. |
| Respondent selection: | Gender quota filled by alternating interviews between men and women; respondents of appropriate gender listed, after which household member draws a numbered card to select individual. |
| Weighting: | None |
| Margin of error: | +/- 3% with 95% confidence level |
| Fieldwork by: | Research Facilitation Services (RFS), Windhoek |
| Main researchers: | Christiaan Keulder (Institute for Public Policy Research, IPPR) |
| Outcome rates: | Contact rate: 0.85 |
| | Cooperation rate: 0.70 |
| | Refusal rate: 0.21 |
| | Response rate: 0.60 |



Survey Overview

The Quality of Democracy and Governance in Nigeria Afrobarometer Round 3, 2005

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Dates of Fieldwork: | August 28-December 31, 2005 |
| Sample size: | 2363 |
| Sampling frame: | Updated 1991 National Population Commission Census |
| Sample universe: | Citizens age 18 years or older, excluding institutions |
| Sample design: | Nationally representative, random, clustered, stratified, multistage area probability sample |
| Stratification: | State, urban-rural distribution |
| Stages: | PSUs (from strata), start points, households, respondents |
| PSU selection: | Probability proportionate to population size (PPPS) |
| Cluster size: | 8 households per PSU |
| Household selection: | Walk pattern using day code, selecting n th house on the right. |
| Respondent selection: | Gender quota filled by alternating interviews between men and women; respondents of appropriate gender listed, after which household member draws a numbered card to select individual. |
| Weighting: | Weighting to account for an over- sample in Bayelsa, Delta and Rivers states, and an undersample in Northwest Region. |
| Margin of error: | +/- 2% with 95% confidence level |
| Fieldwork by: | Practical Sampling International (PSI), Lagos |
| Main researchers: | Victor Adetula(University of Jos), Etannibi Alemika (University of Jos) and Peter Lewis(SAIS) |
| Outcome rates: | Contact rate: 0.77 Cooperation rate: 0.78 Refusal rate: 0.10 Response rate: 0.61 |



Survey Overview

The Quality of Democracy and Governance in Senegal Afrobarometer Round 3, 2005

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Dates of Fieldwork: | September 26-October 8, 2005 |
| Sample size: | 1200 |
| Sampling frame: | 2002 Census |
| Sample universe: | Citizens age 18 years or older, excluding institutions |
| Sample design: | Nationally representative, random, clustered, stratified, multistage area probability sample |
| Stratification: | Region, urban-rural distribution |
| Stages: | PSUs (from strata), start points, households, respondents |
| PSU selection: | Probability proportionate to population size (PPPS) |
| Cluster size: | 8 households per PSU |
| Household selection: | Walk pattern using day code, selecting n th house on the right. |
| Respondent selection: | Gender quota filled by alternating interviews between men and women; respondents of appropriate gender listed, after which household member draws a numbered card to select individual. |
| Weighting: | None |
| Margin of error: | +/- 3% with 95% confidence level |
| Fieldwork by: | GERCOP I'ENEA, L'Université Gaston Berger de Saint Louis |
| Main researchers: | Babaly Sall and Ibrahim Gaye |
| Outcome rates: | Contact rate: 0.95 |
| | Cooperation rate: 0.90 |
| | Refusal rate: 0.07 |
| | Response rate: 0.85 |



Survey Overview
The Quality of Democracy and Governance in South Africa
Afrobarometer Round 3, 2006

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Dates of Fieldwork: | February 6-28, 2006 |
| Sample size: | 2400 |
| Sampling frame: | 2001 Census |
| Sample universe: | Citizens age 18 years or older, excluding institutions |
| Sample design: | Nationally representative, random, clustered, stratified, multistage area probability sample |
| Stratification: | Province, race, urban-rural distribution |
| Stages: | PSUs (from strata), start points, households, respondents |
| PSU selection: | Probability proportionate to population size (PPPS) |
| Cluster size: | 4 households per PSU |
| Household selection: | Walk pattern using day code, selecting n th house on the right. |
| Respondent selection: | Gender quota filled by alternating interviews between men and women; respondents of appropriate gender listed, after which household member draws a numbered card to select individual. |
| Weighting: | Weighted to account for individual selection probabilities. |
| Margin of error: | +/- 2% with 95% confidence level |
| Fieldwork by: | AC Nielsen, South Africa |
| Main researchers: | Robert Mattes (UCT) and Annie Chikwanha (IDASA) |
| Outcome rates: | Contact rate: 0.95 |
| | Cooperation rate: 0.91 |
| | Refusal rate: 0.06 |
| | Response rate: 0.87 |



Survey Overview

The Quality of Democracy and Governance in Tanzania Afrobarometer Round 3, 2005

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Dates of Fieldwork: | July 21-August 13, 2005 |
| Sample size: | 1304 |
| Sampling frame: | 2002 Census |
| Sample universe: | Citizens age 18 years or older, excluding institutions |
| Sample design: | Nationally representative, random, clustered, stratified, multistage area probability sample |
| Stratification: | Region, urban-rural distribution |
| Stages: | PSUs (from strata), start points, households, respondents |
| PSU selection: | Probability proportionate to population size (PPPS) |
| Cluster size: | 8 households per PSU |
| Household selection: | Walk pattern using day code, selecting n th house on the right. |
| Respondent selection: | Gender quota filled by alternating interviews between men and women; respondents of appropriate gender listed, after which household member draws a numbered card to select individual. |
| Weighting: | Weighted to correct for over-sample in Zanzibar |
| Margin of error: | +/- 3% with 95% confidence level |
| Fieldwork by: | Research on Poverty Alleviation (REPOA) |
| Main researchers: | Joseph Semboja, Masuma Mamdani and Robert Sentamu (Wilsken Agencies Ltd.) |
| Outcome rates: | Contact rate: 0.98 |
| | Cooperation rate: 0.98 |
| | Refusal rate: 0.00 |
| | Response rate: 0.96 |



Survey Overview

The Quality of Democracy and Governance in Uganda Afrobarometer Round 3, 2005

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Dates of Fieldwork: | April 12-May 4, 2005 |
| Sample size: | 2400 |
| Sampling frame: | 2002 Census |
| Sample universe: | Citizens age 18 years or older, excluding institutions |
| Sample design: | Nationally representative, random, clustered, stratified, multistage area probability sample |
| Stratification: | Region, urban-rural distribution-Questionnaire says region/province, but cia says district |
| Stages: | PSUs (from strata), start points, households, respondents |
| PSU selection: | Probability proportionate to population size (PPPS) |
| Cluster size: | 8 households per PSU |
| Household selection: | Walk pattern using day code, selecting n th house on the right. |
| Respondent selection: | Gender quota filled by alternating interviews between men and women; respondents of appropriate gender listed, after which household member draws a numbered card to select individual. |
| Weighting: | Weighted to account for over- or under-samples with respect to region and urban-rural distribution. |
| Margin of error: | +/- 2% with 95% confidence level |
| Fieldwork by: | Wilsken Agencies, Ltd., Kampala |
| Main researchers: | Robert Sentamu and Francis Kibirige |
| Outcome rates: | Contact rate: 0.89 |
| | Cooperation rate: 0.85 |
| | Refusal rate: 0.08 |
| | Response rate: 0.75 |



Survey Overview

The Quality of Democracy and Governance in Zambia Afrobarometer Round 3, 2005

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Dates of Fieldwork: | July 29-August 16, 2005 |
| Sample size: | 1200 |
| Sampling frame: | 2000 Census |
| Sample universe: | Citizens age 18 years or older, excluding institutions |
| Sample design: | Nationally representative, random, clustered, stratified, multistage area probability sample |
| Stratification: | Province, urban-rural distribution |
| Stages: | PSUs (from strata), start points, households, respondents |
| PSU selection: | Probability proportionate to population size (PPPS) |
| Cluster size: | 8 households per PSU |
| Household selection: | Walk pattern using day code, selecting n th house on the right. |
| Respondent selection: | Gender quota filled by alternating interviews between men and women; respondents of appropriate gender listed, after which household member draws a numbered card to select individual. |
| Weighting: | None |
| Margin of error: | +/- 3% with 95% confidence level |
| Fieldwork by: | Steadman Research Services, Kenya |
| Main researchers: | Annie Chikwanha (IDASA) and Peter Loloji |
| Outcome rates: | Contact rate: 0.86 |
| | Cooperation rate: 0.83 |
| | Refusal rate: 0.07 |
| | Response rate: 0.72 |



Survey Overview

The Quality of Democracy and Governance in Zimbabwe Afrobarometer Round 3, 2005

| | |
|------------------------------|---|
| Dates of Fieldwork: | October 9-28, 2005 |
| Sample size: | 1048 |
| Sampling frame: | 2002 Census |
| Sample universe: | Citizens age 18 years or older, excluding institutions |
| Sample design: | Nationally representative, random, clustered, stratified, multistage area probability sample |
| Stratification: | Province, urban-rural distribution |
| Stages: | PSUs (from strata), start points, households, respondents |
| PSU selection: | Probability proportionate to population size (PPPS) |
| Cluster size: | 8 households per PSU |
| Household selection: | Walk pattern using day code, selecting n th house on the right. |
| Respondent selection: | Gender quota filled by alternating interviews between men and women; respondents of appropriate gender listed, after which household member draws a numbered card to select individual. |
| Weighting: | None |
| Margin of error: | +/- 3% with 95% confidence level |
| Fieldwork by: | Mass Public Opinion Institute (MPOI), Harare |
| Main researchers: | Eldred Masunungure, Annie Chikwanha (IDASA) and Michael Bratton |
| Outcome rates: | Contact rate: 0.82 |
| | Cooperation rate: 0.80 |
| | Refusal rate: 0.09 |
| | Response rate: 0.66 |