



## Survey Overview

### Attitudes to Democracy and Markets in Botswana

#### Afrobarometer Round 1, 1999

<b>Dates of Fieldwork:</b>	October 13 – December 4, 1999
<b>Sample size:</b>	1200
<b>Sampling frame:</b>	1991 census
<b>Sample universe:</b>	Citizens age 18 years or older, excluding institutions
<b>Sample design:</b>	Nationally representative, random, clustered, stratified, multistage area probability sample
<b>Stratification:</b>	District/town, urban-rural distribution
<b>Stages:</b>	PSUs (from strata), households, respondents
<b>PSU selection:</b>	Probability proportionate to population size (PPPS)
<b>Cluster size:</b>	8 households per PSU
<b>Household selection:</b>	From start points, follow walk pattern selecting every fifth household.
<b>Respondent selection:</b>	Gender quota filled by alternating interviews between men and women; respondents of appropriate gender listed, after which household member draws a numbered card to select individual.
<b>Weighting:</b>	None
<b>Margin of error:</b>	+/- 3% with 95% confidence level
<b>Fieldwork by:</b>	Centre of Specialisation in Public Administration and Management (CESPAM) and Department of Political Science and Administration Studies, University of Botswana
<b>Main researchers:</b>	Mpho G. Molomo, Mogopodi Lekorwe, Wilford Molefe, and Robert Mattes
<b>Outcome rates:</b>	Contact rate: 0.971 Cooperation rate: 0.910 Refusal rate: 0.052 Response rate: 0.884



## Survey Overview Attitudes to Democracy and Markets in Ghana Afrobarometer Round 1, 1999

<b>Dates of Fieldwork:</b>	July – August, 1999
<b>Sample size:</b>	2004
<b>Sampling frame:</b>	Ghana Statistical Service (GSS) 1998 estimates of population distribution (based on a partial census)
<b>Sample universe:</b>	Citizens age 18 years or older, excluding institutions
<b>Sample design:</b>	Nationally representative, random, clustered, stratified, multistage area probability sample
<b>Stratification:</b>	Region, urban-rural distribution
<b>Stages:</b>	PSUs (from strata), households, respondents
<b>PSU selection:</b>	Probability proportionate to population size (PPPS)
<b>Cluster size:</b>	8 households per PSU
<b>Household selection:</b>	From start points, follow walk pattern selecting every fifth household.
<b>Respondent selection:</b>	Gender quota filled by alternating interviews between men and women; respondents of appropriate gender listed, after which household member draws a numbered card to select individual. However, due to high refusals among of female respondents (or their male family members), women were undersampled.
<b>Weighting:</b>	Weighted to correct for undersample of women.
<b>Margin of error:</b>	+/- 2% with 95% confidence level
<b>Fieldwork by:</b>	Center for Democratic Development, Accra
<b>Main researchers:</b>	E. Gyimah-Boadi
<b>Outcome rates:</b>	NA



**Survey Overview**  
**Attitudes to Democracy and Markets in Lesotho**  
**Afrobarometer Round 1, 1999**

<b>Dates of Fieldwork:</b>	March – June 1999
<b>Sample size:</b>	1177
<b>Sampling frame:</b>	Adjusted 1996 census
<b>Sample universe:</b>	Citizens age 18 years or older, excluding institutions
<b>Sample design:</b>	Nationally representative, random, clustered, stratified, multistage area probability sample
<b>Stratification:</b>	District, urban-rural distribution
<b>Stages:</b>	PSUs (from strata), households, respondents
<b>PSU selection:</b>	Probability proportionate to population size (PPPS)
<b>Cluster size:</b>	8 households per PSU
<b>Household selection:</b>	From start points, follow walk pattern selecting every fifth household.
<b>Respondent selection:</b>	Gender quota filled by alternating interviews between men and women; respondents of appropriate gender listed, after which household member draws a numbered card to select individual.
<b>Weighting:</b>	None
<b>Margin of error:</b>	+/- 3% with 95% confidence level
<b>Fieldwork by:</b>	Sechaba Consultants, Maseru
<b>Main researchers:</b>	Thuso Green, John Gay and Robert Mattes
<b>Outcome rates:</b>	Contact rate: 0.885
	Cooperation rate: 0.860
	Refusal rate: 0.057
	Response rate: 0.761



## Survey Overview Attitudes to Democracy and Markets in Malawi Afrobarometer Round 1, 1999

<b>Dates of Fieldwork:</b>	November 29 – December 22, 1999
<b>Sample size:</b>	1208
<b>Sampling frame:</b>	1998 census
<b>Sample universe:</b>	Citizens age 18 years or older, excluding institutions
<b>Sample design:</b>	Nationally representative, random, clustered, stratified, multistage area probability sample
<b>Stratification:</b>	Region, urban-rural distribution
<b>Stages:</b>	Rural areas were sampled in 5 stages: Traditional Authorities (TAs), EAs/PSUs, start points, households, respondents; urban areas were sampled in 4 stages: ward (EA), start point, household, and respondent
<b>PSU selection:</b>	Probability proportionate to population size (PPPS)
<b>Cluster size:</b>	8 households per PSU
<b>Household selection:</b>	Random selection of start points; every fifth household selected.
<b>Respondent selection:</b>	Gender quota filled by alternating interviews between men and women; respondents of appropriate gender listed, after which household member draws a numbered card to select individual.
<b>Weighting:</b>	None
<b>Margin of error:</b>	+/- 3% with 95% confidence level
<b>Fieldwork by:</b>	Centre for Social Research (CSR), University of Malawi
<b>Main researchers:</b>	Stanley Khaila, Maxton Grant Tsoka and Robert Mattes
<b>Outcome rates:</b>	Contact rate: 0.961 Cooperation rate: 0.910 Refusal rate: 0.032 Response rate: 0.875



## Survey Overview

### Attitudes to Democracy and Markets in Mali

### Afrobarometer Round 1, 2001

<b>Dates of Fieldwork:</b>	January – February 2001
<b>Sample size:</b>	2089
<b>Sampling frame:</b>	1998 census
<b>Sample universe:</b>	Citizens age 18 years or older, excluding institutions
<b>Sample design:</b>	Nationally representative, random, clustered, stratified, multistage area probability sample
<b>Stratification:</b>	Region, urban-rural distribution
<b>Stages:</b>	PSUs (from strata), households, respondents
<b>PSU selection:</b>	Probability proportionate to population size (PPPS)
<b>Cluster size:</b>	8 households per PSU
<b>Household selection:</b>	From start points, follow walk pattern selecting every fifth household.
<b>Respondent selection:</b>	Gender quota filled by alternating interviews between men and women; respondents of appropriate gender listed, after which household member draws a numbered card to select individual.
<b>Weighting:</b>	Weighted to account for regional over- and under-samples
<b>Margin of error:</b>	+/- 2% with 95% confidence level
<b>Fieldwork by:</b>	Groupe de Recherche en Economie Appliquee et Theorique (GREAT)
<b>Main researchers:</b>	Massa Coulibaly and Michael Bratton
<b>Outcome rates:</b>	NA



## Survey Overview Attitudes to Democracy and Markets in Namibia Afrobarometer Round 1, 1999

<b>Dates of Fieldwork:</b>	September – October 1999
<b>Sample size:</b>	1183
<b>Sampling frame:</b>	1991 Population and Household Census
<b>Sample universe:</b>	Citizens age 18 years or older, excluding institutions
<b>Sample design:</b>	Nationally representative, random, clustered, stratified, multistage area probability sample
<b>Stratification:</b>	Region, urban-rural distribution
<b>Stages:</b>	PSUs (from strata), households, respondents
<b>PSU selection:</b>	Probability proportionate to population size (PPPS)
<b>Cluster size:</b>	8 households per PSU
<b>Household selection:</b>	From start points, follow walk pattern selecting every fifth household.
<b>Respondent selection:</b>	Gender quota filled by alternating interviews between men and women; respondents of appropriate gender listed, after which household member draws a numbered card to select individual.
<b>Weighting:</b>	None
<b>Margin of error:</b>	+/- 3% with 95% confidence level
<b>Fieldwork by:</b>	Institute for Public Policy Research (IPPR), Windhoek
<b>Main researchers:</b>	Christiaan Keulder and Robert Mattes
<b>Outcome rates:</b>	Contact rate: 0.985
	Cooperation rate: 0.962
	Refusal rate: 0.034
	Response rate: 0.947



**Survey Overview**  
**Attitudes to Democracy and Markets in Nigeria**  
**Afrobarometer Round 1, 2000**

<b>Dates of Fieldwork:</b>	January 21 – February 7, 2000
<b>Sample size:</b>	3603
<b>Sampling frame:</b>	Updated 1991 National Population Commission census
<b>Sample universe:</b>	Citizens age 18 years or older, excluding institutions
<b>Sample design:</b>	Nationally representative, random, clustered, stratified, multistage area probability sample
<b>Stratification:</b>	Zone, urban-rural distribution
<b>Stages:</b>	PSUs (from strata), households, respondents
<b>PSU selection:</b>	Probability proportionate to population size (PPPS)
<b>Cluster size:</b>	8 households per PSU
<b>Household selection:</b>	From start points, follow walk pattern selecting every fifth household.
<b>Respondent selection:</b>	Gender quota filled by alternating interviews between men and women; respondents of appropriate gender listed, after which household member draws a numbered card to select individual.
<b>Weighting:</b>	None
<b>Margin of error:</b>	+/- 2% with 95% confidence level
<b>Fieldwork by:</b>	Research and Marketing Services (RMS), Lagos
<b>Main researchers:</b>	Etannibi Alemika and Peter Lewis
<b>Outcome rates:</b>	NA



**Survey Overview**  
**Attitudes to Democracy and Markets in South Africa**  
**Afrobarometer Round 1, 2000**

<b>Dates of Fieldwork:</b>	July – August 2000
<b>Sample size:</b>	2200
<b>Sampling frame:</b>	1996 census
<b>Sample universe:</b>	Citizens age 18 years or older, excluding institutions
<b>Sample design:</b>	Nationally representative, random, clustered, stratified, multistage area probability sample
<b>Stratification:</b>	Province, race, urban-rural distribution
<b>Stages:</b>	PSUs (from strata), households, respondents
<b>PSU selection:</b>	Probability proportionate to population size (PPPS)
<b>Cluster size:</b>	8 households per PSU
<b>Household selection:</b>	From start points, follow walk pattern selecting every fifth household.
<b>Respondent selection:</b>	Gender quota filled by alternating interviews between men and women; respondents of appropriate gender listed, after which household member draws a numbered card to select individual.
<b>Weighting:</b>	Weighted to account for individual selection probabilities
<b>Margin of error:</b>	+/- 2% with 95% confidence level
<b>Fieldwork by:</b>	Research Surveys (Pty.), Ltd., South Africa
<b>Main researchers:</b>	Robert Mattes, Cherrel Africa and Yul Derek Davids
<b>Outcome rates:</b>	Contact rate: 0.851
	Cooperation rate: 0.911
	Refusal rate: 0.054
	Response rate: 0.775



## Survey Overview Attitudes to Democracy and Markets in Tanzania Afrobarometer Round 1, 2001

<b>Dates of fieldwork:</b>	January – March 2001 (Mainland) and August-September 2001 (Zanzibar)	
<b>Sample size:</b>	2198	
<b>Sampling frame:</b>	2002 census	
<b>Sample universe:</b>	Citizens age 18 years or older, excluding institutions	
<b>Sample design:</b>	Nationally representative, random, clustered, stratified, multistage area probability sample	
<b>Stratification:</b>	Region, urban-rural distribution	
<b>Stages:</b>	PSUs (from strata), households, respondents	
<b>PSU selection:</b>	Probability proportionate to population size (PPPS)	
<b>Cluster size:</b>	8 households per PSU	
<b>Household selection:</b>	From start points, follow walk pattern selecting every fifth household.	
<b>Respondent selection:</b>	Gender quota filled by alternating interviews between men and women; respondents of appropriate gender listed, after which household member draws a numbered card to select individual.	
<b>Weighting:</b>	Weighted to correct for oversample in Zanzibar	
<b>Margin of error:</b>	+/- 2% with 95% confidence level	
<b>Fieldwork by:</b>	Research on Poverty Alleviation (REPOA)	
<b>Main researchers:</b>	Joseph Semboja, Amon Chaligha, Robert Mattes, Michael Bratton and Yul Derek Davids	
<b>Outcome rates:</b>	Contact rate:	0.995
	Cooperation rate:	0.991
	Refusal rate:	0.004
	Response rate:	0.985



**Survey Overview**  
**Attitudes to Democracy and Markets in Uganda**  
**Afrobarometer Round 1, 2000**

<b>Dates of Fieldwork:</b>	May – June 2000
<b>Sample size:</b>	2271
<b>Sampling frame:</b>	Updated 1991 census
<b>Sample universe:</b>	Citizens age 18 years or older, excluding institutions
<b>Sample design:</b>	Nationally representative, random, clustered, stratified, multistage area probability sample
<b>Stratification:</b>	Region, urban-rural distribution
<b>Stages:</b>	PSUs (from strata), households, respondents
<b>PSU selection:</b>	Probability proportionate to population size (PPPS)
<b>Cluster size:</b>	8 households per PSU
<b>Household selection:</b>	From start points, follow walk pattern selecting every fifth household.
<b>Respondent selection:</b>	Gender quota filled by alternating interviews between men and women; respondents of appropriate gender listed, after which household member draws a numbered card to select individual.
<b>Weighting:</b>	Weighted to account for regional over- and under-samples
<b>Margin of error:</b>	+/- 2% with 95% confidence level
<b>Fieldwork by:</b>	Wilsken Agencies, Ltd., Kampala
<b>Main researchers:</b>	Robert Sentamu, Gina Lambright and Michael Bratton
<b>Outcome rates:</b>	Contact rate: 0.975
	Cooperation rate: 0.936
	Refusal rate: 0.025
	Response rate: 0.912



**Survey Overview**  
**Attitudes to Democracy and Markets in Zambia**  
**Afrobarometer Round 1, 1999**

<b>Dates of Fieldwork:</b>	October – November 1999
<b>Sample size:</b>	1198
<b>Sampling frame:</b>	1990 census
<b>Sample universe:</b>	Citizens age 18 years or older, excluding institutions
<b>Sample design:</b>	Nationally representative, random, clustered, stratified, multistage area probability sample
<b>Stratification:</b>	Province, urban-rural distribution
<b>Stages:</b>	PSUs (from strata), households, respondents
<b>PSU selection:</b>	Probability proportionate to population size (PPPS)
<b>Cluster size:</b>	8 households per PSU
<b>Household selection:</b>	From start points, follow walk pattern selecting every fifth household.
<b>Respondent selection:</b>	Gender quota filled by alternating interviews between men and women; respondents of appropriate gender listed, after which household member draws a numbered card to select individual.
<b>Weighting:</b>	None
<b>Margin of error:</b>	+/- 3% with 95% confidence level
<b>Fieldwork by:</b>	Institute for Social and Economic Research, University of Zambia
<b>Main researchers:</b>	Neo Simutanyi and Robert Mattes
<b>Outcome rates:</b>	NA



## Survey Overview Attitudes to Democracy and Markets in Zimbabwe Afrobarometer Round 1, 1999

<b>Dates of Fieldwork:</b>	October 9 – December 16, 1999
<b>Sample size:</b>	1200
<b>Sampling frame:</b>	1992 census
<b>Sample universe:</b>	Citizens age 18 years or older, excluding institutions
<b>Sample design:</b>	Nationally representative, random, clustered, stratified, multistage area probability sample
<b>Stratification:</b>	Province, urban-rural distribution
<b>Stages:</b>	PSUs (from strata), households, respondents
<b>PSU selection:</b>	Probability proportionate to population size (PPPS)
<b>Cluster size:</b>	8 households per PSU
<b>Household selection:</b>	Random selection of start points, followed by walk pattern selecting every fifth household.
<b>Respondent selection:</b>	Gender quota filled by alternating interviews between men and women; respondents of appropriate gender listed, after which household member draws a numbered card to select individual.
<b>Weighting:</b>	None
<b>Margin of error:</b>	+/- 3% with 95% confidence level
<b>Fieldwork by:</b>	Department of Politics and Administrative Studies, University of Zimbabwe
<b>Main researchers:</b>	Annie Chikwanha, Eldred Masunungure, Robert Mattes and Michael Bratton
<b>Outcome rates:</b>	Contact rate: 0.912
	Cooperation rate: 0.861
	Refusal rate: 0.101
	Response rate: 0.786